

Astronomical Symbols and Designations¹

/	Sun,	and also <i>Sunday</i>	↙	<i>Meteor</i>
○	Moon,	and also <i>Monday</i>	Var	<i>Variable Star</i>
♂	Mars,	and also <i>Tuesday</i>	♋	<i>Ascending (rising) orbital knot</i>
☿	Mercury,	and also <i>Wednesday</i>	♎	<i>Descending orbital knot</i>
♃	Jupiter,	and also <i>Thursday</i>	♋	<i>Joining (geocentric longitude difference 0°)</i>
♀	Venus,	and also <i>Friday</i>	♋	<i>Opposite (longitude difference 180°)</i>
♄	Saturn	and also <i>Saturday</i>	□	<i>Quadrature (longitude difference 90°)</i>
♁ or ⊕	Earth,		●	<i>New Moon</i>
♅ or ♁	Uranus,		☾	<i>First quarter</i>
♆ or ♁	Neptune,		☾	<i>Full moon</i>
♇ or ♁	Pluto,		☾	<i>Last quarter</i>
★	<i>Star</i>			
☄	<i>Comet</i>			

Zodiacal Signs

		Geocentric longitudes
♈	Aries	and also point of a vernal equinox, which is located at present in the constellation <i>Pisces</i>
		0° / 30°
♉	Taurus	
♊	Gemini	
♋	Cancer	and also point of summer sun standing, which is located at present in the constellation <i>Gemini</i> , and in 1990 move to the constellation <i>Taurus</i>
		30° / 60°
		60° / 90°
		90° / 120°
♌	Leo	
♍	Virgo	
♎	Libra	and also point of an autumn equinox, which is located at present in the constellation <i>Virgo</i>
		120° / 150°
		150° / 180°
		180° / 210°
♏	Scorpius	
♐	Sagittarius	
♑	Capricornus	and also point of winter sun standing, which is located at present in the constellation <i>Sagittarius</i>
		210° / 240°
		240° / 270°
		270° / 300°
♒	Aquarius	
♓	Pisces	
		300° / 330°
		330° / 360°

¹ After: **Abalkin, V. K. (ed.) 1981. *Astronomical Calendar. Constant part.*** Moscow, Nauka Publ. House, pp 704. (7th edition), *Table 1*, pp. 550.

Original book in Russian: **Абалкин, В. К. (отв. ред.) 1981. *Астрономический календарь. Постоянная часть.*** Наука, Москва, 704 с., (изд. 7^{ое}, переработанное), *Таблица 1*, с. 550.

Designations

<i>N</i>	North,	<i>NE</i> North-East	β	<i>ecliptic latitude</i>
<i>S</i>	South,	<i>SE</i> South-East	φ	<i>geographic latitude</i>
<i>E</i>	East,	<i>NW</i> North-West	<i>z</i>	<i>zenith distance</i>
<i>W</i>	West,	<i>SW</i> South-West	μ	<i>own motion</i>
<i>a</i>	<i>year, twelvemonth</i>		<i>l</i>	<i>galactic longitude</i>
<i>d</i>	<i>twenty-four-hour period</i>		<i>b</i>	<i>galactic latitude</i>
<i>h m s</i>	<i>hour, minute, seconds for time</i>		π	<i>annual parallax</i>
$^{\circ} \ ' \ ''$	<i>degree, minute, seconds</i>		V_r	<i>ray (beam) velocity</i>
<i>A</i>	<i>azimuth</i>		<i>h</i>	<i>luminary altitude over the horizon</i>
<i>a</i>	<i>or AR right ascendance</i>		<i>t</i>	<i>luminary hour angle</i>
<i>d</i>	<i>declination</i>		<i>s</i>	<i>star's time</i>
λ	<i>ecliptic longitude and also geographic longitude</i>			

Added by Dr Miroslav Alexandrov YORDANOV

**Several frequently used symbols for planets, stars etc.,
numbers and fractions**

Planets, stars etc.

● ○ ☉

Numbers

① ② ③ ④ ⑤ ⑥ ⑦ ⑧ ⑨ ⑩

① ② ③ ④ ⑤ ⑥ ⑦ ⑧ ⑨ ⑩

Fractions

$\frac{1}{4}$ $\frac{1}{2}$ $\frac{3}{4}$ $1\frac{1}{4}$ $1\frac{1}{2}$ $1\frac{3}{4}$ $2\frac{1}{4}$ $2\frac{1}{2}$ $2\frac{3}{4}$